NAME

curl_version_info - returns run-time libcurl version info

SYNOPSIS

#include <curl/curl.h>

curl_version_info_data *curl_version_info(CURLversion type);

DESCRIPTION

Returns a pointer to a filled in struct with information about various run-time features in libcurl. *type* should be set to the version of this functionality by the time you write your program. This way, libcurl will always return a proper struct that your program understands, while programs in the future might get an different struct. CURLVERSION_NOW will be the most recent one for the library you have installed:

data = curl_version_info(CURLVERSION_NOW);

Applications should use this information to judge if things are possible to do or not, instead of using compile-time checks, as dynamic/DLL libraries can be changed independent of applications.

The curl_version_info_data struct looks like this

typedef struct {
CURLversion age; /* 0 - this kind of struct */
const char *version; /* human readable string */
unsigned int version_num; /* numeric representation */
const char *host; /* human readable string */
int features; /* bitmask, see below */
char *ssl_version; /* human readable string */
long ssl_version_num; /* number */
char *libz_version; /* human readable string */
const char *protocols[]; /* list of protocols */
<pre>} curl_version_info_data;</pre>

age describes what kind of struct this is. It is always 0 now. In a future libcurl, if this struct changes, this age counter may be increased, and then the struct for number 1 will look different (except for this first struct field).

version is just an ascii string for the libcurl version.

version_num is a 24 bit number created like this: <8 bits major number> | <8 bits minor number> | <8 bits patch number>. Version 7.9.8 is therefore returned as 0x070908.

host is an ascii string showing what host information that this libcurl was built for. As discovered by a configure script or set by the build environment.

features can have none, one or more bits set, and the currently defined bits are:

CURL_VERSION_IPV6 supports IPv6

CURL_VERSION_KERBEROS4 supports kerberos4 (when using FTP)

CURL_VERSION_SSL supports SSL (HTTPS/FTPS)

CURL_VERSION_LIBZ

supports HTTP deflate using libz

CURL_VERSION_NTLM supports HTTP NTLM (added in 7.10.6)

CURL_VERSION_GSSNEGOTIATE

supports HTTP GSS-Negotiate (added in 7.10.6)

CURL_VERSION_DEBUG

libcurl was built with extra debug capabilities built-in. This is mainly of interest for libcurl hackers. (added in 7.10.6)

CURL_VERSION_ASYNCHDNS

libcurl was built with support for asynchronous name lookups, which allows more exact timeouts (even on Windows) and less blocking when using the multi interface. (added in 7.10.7)

CURL_VERSION_SPNEGO

libcurl was built with support for SPNEGO authentication (Simple and Protected GSS-API Negotiation Mechanism, defined in RFC 2478.) (added in 7.10.8)

ssl_version is an ascii string for the OpenSSL version used. If libcurl has no SSL support, this is NULL.

ssl_version_num is the numerical OpenSSL version value as defined by the OpenSSL project. If libcurl has no SSL support, this is 0.

libz_version is an ascii string (there is no numerical version). If libcurl has no libz support, this is NULL.

protocols is a pointer to an array of char * pointers, containing the names protocols that libcurl supports (using lowercase letters). The protocol names are the same as would be used in URLs. The array is terminated by a NULL entry.

RETURN VALUE

A pointer to a curl_version_info_data struct.

SEE ALSO

curl_version(3)